

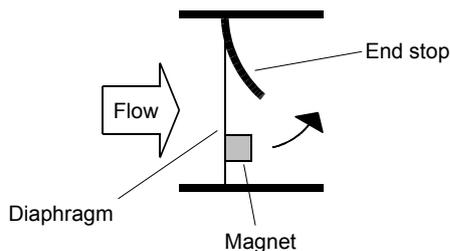
Flow Switch LABO-XF-S



- Very short response time
- High overload protection
- Metering range 1:80
- Low pressure loss
- Compact design

Characteristics

A thin elastic diaphragm made of stainless steel, which covers the entire flow cross-section, is deflected by the flowing fluid, and thereby pushes against an arched end stop.



There is a plastic-coated magnet on the diaphragm. When there is a deflection, its magnetic field changes, and this is detected by a sensor outside the area of flow.

Flexible diaphragm made of stainless steel, with plastic-coated magnet.



The integrated converter / counter make available an electronic switching output (push-pull) with adjustable characteristics (minimum/maximum) and hysteresis, which responds when an adjustable limit is fallen short of or exceeded. If desired, the switching value can be set to the currently existing flow using "teaching".

Models with analog or pulse output are also available (see separate data sheets). Because the diaphragm only bends, and functions without a bearing, there is almost no friction effect. The movement therefore occurs practically free of hysteresis, and the switching point has very good reproducibility.

The diaphragm's low bulk results in a short response time. The almost complete covering of the flow cross-section in the neutral position enables a very low response threshold. As soon as the slightest flow exists, the diaphragm is of necessity deflected. The evaluation of the entire flow cross-section means that there are no problems when routing pipes. Run-in and run-out sections are not necessary.

The shaped end stop and the elastic properties of the diaphragm

mean that even severe water hammer causes no damage. The low number of media contact parts guarantees reliable operation and a low tendency to contamination.

There are flanged connection pieces on the inlet and outlet; these are available in various nominal widths and materials. By removing the four bolts of the flange connection, it is simple to remove the measurement unit for servicing, while the connections remain in the pipework.

Technical data

Sensor	dynamic diaphragm	
Nominal width	DN 8..25	
Process connection	female thread G 1/4..G 1, optionally male thread or hose nozzle, NPT threads and custom specific connectors on request	
Switching ranges	1..100 l/min (water) for standard range see table "Ranges", minimum value range 0.4..6 l/min optionally available	
Measurement accuracy	Standard ranges: ±3 % of the measured value, minimum 0.25 l/min Minimum value range: ±3 % of the measured value, minimum 0.1 l/min	
Pressure loss	max. 0.5 bar at the end of the metering range	
Pressure resistance	Plastic construction:	PN 16 bar
	Full metal construction:	PN 100 bar
Media temperature	0..+70 °C with high temperature option 0..150 °C	
Ambient temperature	0..+70 °C	
Storage temperature	-20..+80 °C	
Materials medium-contact	Body:	PPS, CW614N nickelled or stainless steel 1.4404
	Connections:	POM, CW614N nickelled or stainless steel 1.4404
	Seals:	FKM
	Diaphragm:	stainless steel 1.4031k
	Magnet holder:	PPS
	Adhesive:	epoxy resin
Materials, non-medium-contact	Sensor tube:	CW614N nickelled
	Adhesive:	epoxy resin
	Flange bolts	stainless steel Full metal construction: steel
Supply voltage	10..30 V DC	
Power consumption	< 1 W (for no-load outputs)	
Switching output	transistor output "push-pull" (resistant to short circuits and polarity reversal) I _{out} = 100 mA max.	
Display	yellow LED (On = Normal / Off = Alarm / rapid flashing = programming)	
Electrical connection	for round plug connector M12x1, 4-pole	
Ingress protection	IP 67	
Weight	see table "Dimensions and weights"	

Product Information

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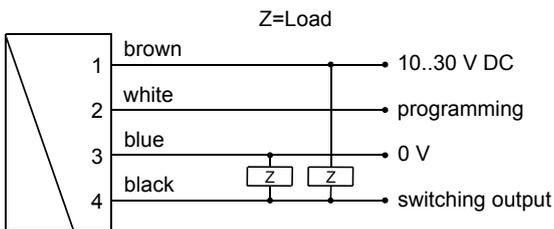
Ranges

Nominal width		Switching range l/min H ₂ O	Q _{max} recommended
DN 8..25	○	0.4.. 6.0	120
DN 8..25	●	1.0.. 15.0	
DN 10.0.25	●	1.0.. 25.0	
DN 15.0.25	●	1.0.. 50.0	
DN 20.0.25	●	1.0.. 80.0	
DN 25 *	○	1.0..100.0	

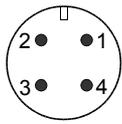
* Inner pipe diameter ≥ Ø22.5

Special ranges are available.

Wiring



Connection example: PNP NPN

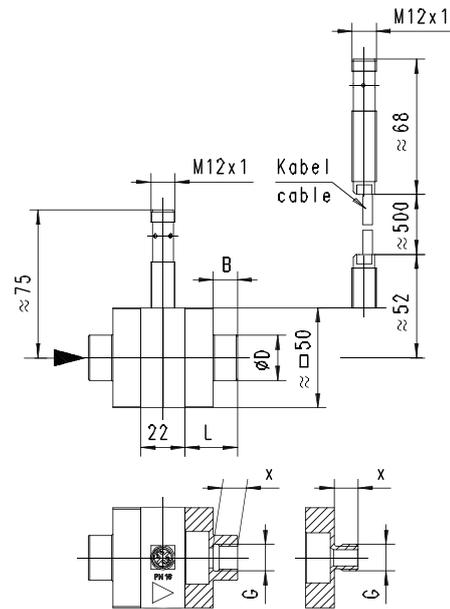


Before the electrical installation, it must be ensured that the supply voltage corresponds to the data sheet.

It is recommended to use shielded wiring.

The push-pull output) can as desired be switched as a PNP or an NPN output.

Dimensions and weights



Connection pieces

G	DN	L	B	X	ØD Metal / Plastic	Weight*
						kg Metal / plastic
G 1/4	DN 8	26	12	12	22,5 / 33	0.245 / 0.055
G 3/8	DN 10					0.240 / 0.050
G 1/2	DN 15	28	14	14	28,0 / 37	0.250 / 0.055
G 3/4	DN 20	30	16	16	35,0 / 42	0.270 / 0.060
G 1	DN 25		-	18	-	0.400 / 0.085
G 1/4 A	DN 8	26	-	12	-	0.230 / 0.045
G 3/8 A	DN 10		-		-	0.230 / 0.045
G 1/2 A	DN 15	28	-	14	-	0.240 / 0.050
G 3/4 A	DN 20	30	-	16	-	0.235 / 0.050
G 1 A	DN 25	32	-	18	-	0.235 / 0.050

*Weights per connection, excluding bolts

NPT threads and custom specific connectors on request

Body

Construction	Weight* kg
Plastic	ca. 0.100
Metal	ca. 0.400

*Weights incl. internal parts, sensor and bolts for connection pieces

Options

Through a range of options, the XF system is flexibly adaptable to very varied requirements.

Full metal construction

The standard version has a plastic body with a pressure resistance of 16 bar. A metallised body (nickelled brass) with a pressure resistance of 100 bar is optionally available. The higher operating pressure requires a combination with metal connection pieces. Switching value settings in the range 1..80 l/min are possible.

High temperature

If the full metal model with high temperature sensors is fitted, operation at media temperatures up to 150 °C is possible. Here, the primary sensor element is located in the housing of the measurement unit, while the converter / counter are located away from housing via a 50 cm long heat-resistant cable.

Note: Operation using the plastic body is also possible at temperatures greater than 70 °C. However, it should be noted that this reduces the stability to pressure.

Resistance to backflows

With forward flows, the diaphragm pushes against an arched end stop, and is undamaged by flow rates which are significantly higher than the intended metering range, or by water hammer. For flows or pressure surges in the reverse direction, in the standard version the diaphragm pushes against a circumferential support ring made of plastic or stainless steel, and almost completely closes the flow cross-section. This causes pressure to build up which can damage the diaphragm. In applications where such conditions can arise (e.g. from elastic hoses to the rear of the measuring equipment) the use of the "resistance to backflows" option is recommended. Here, the support ring is replaced by another arched end stop made of stainless steel, so that the diaphragm is provided with the same overload and pressure surge resistance in the reverse direction as in the forward direction. However, a switching value setting in the reverse direction is not possible.

Minimum value measurement

For switching ranges up to 6 l/min, the sensitivity and therefore the stability of the measuring system can be increased, and so switching value settings even less than 1 l/min, i.e. from 0.4 l/min become possible. For this, the sensor is installed on the opposite side of the housing. This option is not available for metal housings and models with resistance to backflows.

Handling and operation

Installation

The device is supplied with connection pieces mounted. These may be removed for the installation in the pipework.

The sensor can be operated in any location. However, the lowest tendency to contamination occurs when the diaphragm swings from bottom to top. If possible, installation should therefore be made either with flow from bottom to top, or horizontal. In the latter case, the sensor in the minimum value range model (max. 6 l/min, see options) should point downwards; for all other versions it should point upwards. Factory adjustment is made with flow horizontal.

It should be ensured that the sensor is installed in the direction of the flow arrow. In spite of its low bulk, the diaphragm is very robust; nevertheless it should not be buckled or compressed through force during installation or removal.

The bolts in the housing pass all the way through it, and must be completely removed if the sensor body is replaced. Afterwards, as normal with a flanged part, the body can be pulled out without loosening the screw connections.

Note

The switching value can be programmed by the user via "teaching". If desired, programmability can be blocked by the manufacturer.

The ECI-1 device configurator with associated software is available as a convenient option for programming all parameters by PC, and for adjustment.

Operation and programming

The switching value is set as follows:

- Apply the flow rate to be set to the device.
- Apply an impulse of at least 0.5 seconds and max. 2 seconds duration to pin 2 (e.g. via a bridge to the supply voltage or a pulse from the PLC), in order to accept the measured value.
- When the teaching is complete, pin 2 should be connected to 0 V, so as to prevent unintended programming.

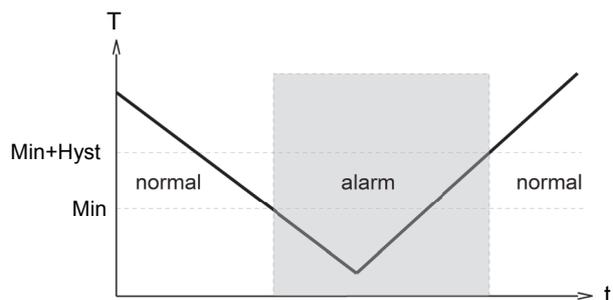
The device has a yellow LED which flashes during the programming pulse. During operation, the LED serves as a status display for the switching output.

In order to avoid the need to transit to an undesired operating status during the teach-in, the device can be provided ex-works with a teach-offset. The teach-offset point is added to the currently measured value before saving. The offset point can be positive or negative.

Example: The switching value should be set to 80 l/min. However, it is possible only to reach 60 l/min without problems. In this case, the device would be set using a teach-offset of +20 l/min. At a flow rate of 60 l/min in the process, teaching would then store a value of 80 l/min.

The limit switch can be used to monitor minimal or maximal.

With a minimum-switch, falling below the limit value causes a switchover to the alarm state. Return to the normal state occurs when the limit value plus the set hysteresis is once more exceeded.



Product Information

LABO-XF-S

Options

Switching delay period (0.0..99.9 s) . s
(from Normal to Alarm)

Switch-back delay period (0.0..99.9 s) . s
(from Alarm to Normal)

Power-On-Delay period (0..99 s) s
(after connecting the supply, time during which the switching output is not activated)

Switching output fixed at l/min

Switching hysteresis %
Standard = 2 % of the metering range

Teach-offset %
(in percent of the metering range)
Standard = 0 %

Further options available on request.

Accessories

- Cable/round plug connector (KB...) see additional information "Accessories"
- Device configurator ECI-1